

# Knowledge Organiser Module 1

## ¡Desconéctate!

**G Regular verbs in the present tense** > Page 198

Remember how the **present tense** works:

	regular		
	nadar (to swim)	leer (to read)	vivir (to live)
(yo) (tú) (él/ella/usted) (nosotros/as) (vosotros/as) (ellos/ellas/ustedes)	nado nadas nada nadamos nadáis nadan	leo lees lee leemos leéis leen	vivo vives vive vivimos vivís viven

Some verbs change their stem: **juego** (*jugar* – to play)  
Some verbs are irregular: **voy** (*ir* – to go), **hago** (*hacer* – to do/make), **salgo** (*salir* – to go out), **veo** (*ver* – to see/watch)

**G Irregular verbs in the present tense** > Page 200

These key verbs are irregular in the **present tense** (i.e. they don't follow the normal pattern).

	ser (to be)	tener (to have)	ir (to go)
(yo) (tú) (él/ella/usted) (nosotros/as) (vosotros/as) (ellos/ellas/ustedes)	soy eres es somos sois son	tengo tienes tiene tenemos tenéis tienen	voy vas va vamos vais van

**G Verbs of opinion**

The verbs *gustar*, *encantar*, *chiflar* and *molar* all work like this:

**Me gusta bailar.** I like **dancing**.  
**Te gusta leer.** You (singular) like **reading**.  
**Le gusta comer.** He/She likes **eating**.

If you use a **noun** you need to add the word **a**:  
**A mi padre le chifla cocinar.** My Dad loves **cooking**.

**G The preterite tense** > Page 202

Use the **preterite tense** to talk about completed actions in the past.

visitar (to visit)	beber (to drink)	salir (to leave / to go out)	irregular verbs
visité visitaste visitó visitamos visitasteis visitaron	bebí bebiste bebió bebimos bebisteis bebieron	salí saliste salió salimos salisteis salieron	ir (to go) ser (to be) fui fuiste fue fuimos fuisteis fueron

Other irregular verbs in the preterite include: **hacer** (*hice* – I did / made) and **ver** (*vi* – I saw / watched).

**G Using two past tenses** > Pages 202, 216

To say **what you did** in the past you use the **preterite tense**.  
**Fui a la playa.** I **went** to the beach.

To **describe things** in the past you use the **imperfect tense**.  
**El hotel estaba en la costa.** The hotel **was** on the coast.  
**Tenía una piscina.** It **had** a swimming pool.

**era** it was (descriptions)    **tenía** it had  
**estaba** it was (location)    **había** there was / were

**G Using usted** > Page 214

Use **usted** (polite form of 'you') in formal situations (e.g. at a hotel). It uses the same verb endings as the 'he/she/it' form of the verb.

¿Cómo se llama **usted**? What are you (polite singular) called?  
Often the word **usted** is omitted.  
¿Puede repetir, por favor? Can you repeat, please?

**G The imperfect tense** > Page 214

The **imperfect tense** is used for describing things in the past.

**El hotel estaba en la costa.** The hotel **was** on the coast.  
**Tenía una piscina antigua.** It **had** an old swimming pool.

	estar (to be)	tener (to have)
(yo) (tú) (él/ella/usted) (nosotros/as) (vosotros/as) (ellos/ellas/ustedes)	estaba estabas estaba estábamos estabais estaban	tenía tenías tenía teníamos teníais tenían

**-er** and **-ir verbs** have the same endings.  
Only three verbs are irregular in the imperfect, including **ser** (to be) → **era** (it was).  
The verb **había** is the imperfect tense of *hay* and means 'there was / there were'.

**G Using three tenses together** > Pages 198, 202, 216

Use the **present tense** to say what usually happens.  
**Tomo el sol.** I **sunbathe**.

Use the **preterite tense** to say what you did / what happened.  
**Visité el pueblo.** I **visited** the town.

Use the **imperfect tense** to describe what something was like.  
**El pueblo era pequeño.** The town **was** small.

**G Preferir, tener and ir** > Page 210

**Preferir** is a stem-changing verb. **Tener** and **ir** are irregular in the present tense.

	preferir (to prefer)	tener (to have)	ir (to go)
(yo) (tú) (él/ella/usted) (nosotros/as) (vosotros/as) (ellos/ellas/ustedes)	prefiero prefieres prefiere preferimos preferís prefieren	tengo tienes tiene tenemos tenéis tienen	voy vas va vamos vais van